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## Organization

- 1. In May 1952 the IV Corps of the North Korean Army was organized in the following sections and units:  $^{\hat{\rm l}}$ 
  - a. The General Staff Section included the operations, secretarial, personnel, communication, and documents bureaus.
  - b. The Military Section comprised the 4, 5, 10,<sup>2</sup> and 15<sup>3</sup> Divisions; the 105 Tank Division; the 26 Brigade; engineering, signal, patrol, artillery, anti-aircraft, and transportation battalions; an anti-aircraft machine-gun

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company; and a reconnaissance unit,

- c. The Medical Section had an army medical unit, an army medical battalion, and a veterinary unit.
- d. The Political Section included a Labor Party Office, Party Investigation Committee, Democratic Youth Alliance, propaganda officers, mass recreation directors, and organizational directors.
- e. The Artillery General Staff Section directed artillery and arms supply and ordnance units, an artillery battalion, and an anti-aircraft artillery battalion.
- f. The Rear Service Section comprised organization and planning, provisions and clothing, fuel, automobile repair, and secondary projects units; a transportation battalion of 200 men; and a guard battalion of 250 men.
- g. The Military Security Unit had a court and judge, and a procurator's office.
- 2. In early June the IV Corps headquarters, with troops numbering 300 men, was stationed 4 kilometers northwest of Sohyongje-san (125-41, 39-05) (YD-3229). Its equipment included PPSh's, rifles, pistols, 15 jeeps, 60 American-made trucks, and communications equipment.
- 3. In June and July the IV Corps, which had 40,000 men, was moving to the Pyŏksong (125-34, 38-20) (YC-2445) area. By late July 3,000 advance troops had moved into Sŏktam-ni (125-33, 38-07) (YC-2421). In late July the 4 Division Head-quarters was entrenched in a hill 200 meters northeast of Majŏm-ni (125-21, 38-48) (YC-0497).
- 4. In July the commanding officer of the IV Corps was Lieutenant-General PANG Hosan, appointed to the position in April 1952. The deputy commander was Major-General PAK Kim-ch'ol, aged 39. The IV Corps had 47,300 men 25X

#### 21 Brigade

5. In mid-August the 21 Brigade, also identified as the 225 Unit, which was organized in Samhwa-myon (125-20, 38-48) (YC-0397) in June 1952, was stationed at Sanjong-ni (126-08, 37-57) (BT-4804). Numbering 4,000 men, the Unit included the 1, 2, and 3 Battalions, and the 1 and 2 Artillery Battalions. The 3 Battalion, also identified as the 278 Unit, was under the command of Colonel CH'A Yong-sok (6508/6978/6932), a North Korean Labor Party member.

#### 1 Battalion, 21 Brigade

- 6. In July the 1 Battalion of the 21 Brigade, was at approximately 126-20, 37-55 (BS-647975). Its troops, numbering 730 men, were assigned the task of guarding the coastal area of Yonpaek (approximately 126-10, 37-55) (BS-5098) and constructing defense positions in that area; these men were to be responsible for attacking United Nations-occupied islands in the vicinity in the event of a Communist general offensive.
- 7. Under a battalion commander the 1 Battalion in July comprised two sections as follows:
  - a. Administrative Section, with a political deputy battalion commander in

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charge of a propaganda unit, a Labor Farty group, and a Democratic Youth Association group; a rear service deputy battalion commander; and a chief of staff with subordinate staff officers in personnel, reconnaissance, communications, covert personnel, and operations.

b. Operations Section, with a military deputy battalion commander in charge of three infantry companies, a heavy machine gun company, a field gun company, an independent communications platoon, and an independent reconnaissance platoon.

#### 23 Brigade

- 8. In late June 1952 headquarters of the 23 Brigade was near Yongjong-ni at approximately 125-08, 38-25 (XC-873537), and units subordinate to it were deployed in Changyon-gun (125-06, 38-14) (XC-8433), Songhwa-gun (125-04, 38-25) (XC-8054), and Ullyul-gun (125-11, 38-28) (XC-9059). The Political Bureau of the 23 Brigade was in a semi-cave 2 meters wide and 5 meters long which was 0.8 meters under the ground and 1.7 meters above the ground. The Military Affairs Bureau and the Rear Service Bureau were in two caves 80 meters west of the Political Bureau, staffed with about 300 men, the headquarters was equipped with 56 Soviet-made pistols, 83 Soviet-made rifles, 25 PPSh's, 1 jeep, 2 trucks, and 3 ox carts. It was guarded by a Guard Platoon on a three-shift system.
- 9. In June grain for the 23 Brigade headquarters was brought from the Chaeryong (125-37, 38-24) (YC-2853) and Sinch'on (125-29, 38-21) (YC-1747) areas by ox cart. Ammunition and weapons were transported from P'yongyang to Ch'innamp'o by truck and from there reloaded and brought to headquarters warehouses by trucks and ox cart. Each person was rationed 800 grams of grain plus vegetables, soy bean paste, soy bean buds, and soy bean curd. Food other than grain was recuisitioned in nearby villages.
- 10. In late June the 23 Brigade was organized as follows:
  - a. Under a chief of staff there were liaison, operations, personnel, and statistics sections.
  - b. The Military Bureau comprised three infantry battalions, four artillery battalions, engineer, medical, signal, and training battalions, and transportation and automatic rifle companies.
  - c. The Political Bureau had Labor Party and Democratic Youth Alliance unit chairman, propaganda and administration sections, and a library.
  - d. The Rear Service Bureau comprised a guard platoon and provisions, clothing, transportation, organization and planning, accounting, and artillery supply sections.
  - e. The Security Bureau included a court, a military procurator's office, and a security platoon.

## 4 Battalion, 23 Brigade

11. On 20 July the 4 Battalion of the 23 Brigade, numbering about 600 fully armed troops, moved to Songch'on-ni (125\*00, 38\*06) (XC\*7518). On 1 August this battalion and an artillery battalion of the 23 Brigade were assigned to the area west of Chukch'on-ni (125\*23, 38\*08) (YC\*0923) with the task of attacking United Nations controlled islands off the coast in this region. Stored and

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camouflaged in the area were 20 steel boats which had been transported by wagon from P'yongyang; these were prefabricated sampans large enough to hold 15 men.

## 8 Battalion, 23 Brigade

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In early June the artillery and infantry headquarters of the 8 Battalion of the 23 Brigade were stationed in the vicinity of Kuwang-ni (125-08, 38-29) (XC-8661). Numbering about 500 men, this battalion was equipped with 4 x 82-mm. mortars, 8 heavy machine guns, 20 light machine guns, 200 Soviet-made sub-machine guns, 250 Soviet-made rifles, an undetermined number of hand grenades and pistols, 2 trucks, 20 horse-pulled wagons, 1 radio, and 5 telephones. On 1 June the battalion was preparing to attack Ch'o-do (124-50, 38-32) (XC-6066) and Sŏk-to (125-00, 38-39) (XC-7479) islands.

# Training Rattalion, 23 Brigade

13. On 16 June 1952 the Training Battalion of the 23 Brigade was activated for the purpose of giving further training to inadequately-trained non-commissioned officers of the 23 Brigade and thus strengthening the defense of the western coast. Stationed at approximately 125-09, 38-20 (XC-869549), the battalion comprised an infantry company, a heavy machine gun company, and a 76-mm. gun company. The battalion table of organization called for 450 officers and men and by 20 June 90 had been recruited.

# 45-mm. and 76-mm. Artillery Battalions, 23 Brigade

- 14. In mid-June the 45-mm. Artillery Battalion of the 21 Brigade, comprising three artillery companies, was stationed at approximately 125-09, 38-20 (XC-868546).
- 15. On 16 June 1952, the 18 Machine Gun Battalion, comprising three artillery companies under the 23 Frigade, was reorganized into one infantry battalion and the 76-mm. Artillery Battalion. The headquarters of the 76-mm. Artillery Pattalion was established in a cave at approximately 125-13, 38-33 (XC-942731), at the site formerly occupied by the 18 Machine Gun Rattalion. In the pine woods in the same area were a munitions and a food warehouse, the battalion Political Bureau, Staff Bureau, Personnel Section, Finance Section, barracks and mess halls. Plans were under way to move the battalion to a cave shelter on a hill at XC-9152. Numbering 28 officers and 268 non-commissioned officers and men, the battalion was equipped with 176 rifles, 27 automatic rifles, 19 pistols,  $6 \times 76$ -mm. 1939-model Soviet-made guns, and  $3 \times 107$ -mm. (sic) Soviet-made guns, 4 Soviet-made trucks, and 4 ox carts. The battalion was organized with two 76-mm. artillery companies, one 107-mm. (sic) artillery company, and staff, political, supply, and medical sections. Supplies and provisions were transported from P'yongyang via Chinnamp'o by truck, from Chinnamp'o by ship, and to supply warehouses by trucks and ox cart.

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26 Brigade

16. In mid-August headquarters of the 26 Brigade, also identified as the 224 Unit, was in a civilian house in Haktang-ni (125-22, 38-47) (YC-0695). The 1 Battalion was at Masa-ri (125-23, 38-45) (YC-0791); the 2 Battalion, at Yunkok-ni (approximately 125-23, 38-45) (YC-0791); the 3 Battalion, at Kumjöng-ni (125-10, 38-48) (XC-8896); the 4 Battalion at Nosang-ni (125-12, 38-50) (XD-9100). The 5 and 6 Battalions were transferred to the 21 Brigade in June 1952.

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#### 1 Battalion, 26 Brigade

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25X1 25X1 17. In July the 1 Battalion of the 26 Brigade was 25X1 commanded by Lieutenant Colonel HWANG Kam-nok, aged 37, a Labor Party member and a native of South Pyongan Province. It was divided into an administrative section, with political, general staff, and rear service units, and an operational section comprising two infantry companies, and heavy machine gun, mortar, field gun, communications, and tank companies. Numbering 674 men, the battalion was equipped with 4 x 76-mm. field guns, 3 x 45-mm. anti-tank guns, 6 x 105-mm. American-made mortars, 12 heavy machine guns, PPSh's, automatic rifles, and hand grenades, and six trucks. Munitions and food were transported from battalion headquarters by ox carts commandeered from the people. The men were rationed 400 grams of rice and 400 grams of flour per day, and each man always carried three days' rations.

omment. Unit designations give for July 1952 which did not sl	how the 15 Division o	
n, but did include the 23 Brigs	<u>ade .                                   </u>	
Comment. The 10 Division was cround the spring of 1952.	disbanded and absorbe	d by other
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Comment. PANG Ho-san is the	he commanding officer	of the
according to FEC No. 3672, of		
the commanding of	fficer of the IV Corp	8.
omment.		

Chungam-dong (approximately 125-06, 38-25; XC-825402).